wherein R<sub>3</sub> is an organic group selected from the group consisting of polyvalent aliphatic or alicyclic and aromatic hydrocarbon, z is an integer of 1 to 3, and B is S; and

 $R_4$  C  $CH_2$  U  $SH)_v$ 

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wherein R<sub>4</sub> is a substituted or unsubstituted aliphatic polyhydric alcohol residue, u is an integer of 1 or 2, and v is an integer of 2 to 4.

1 123. (Amended) The composition of claim 116 wherein the polyene is triallyl-2 1,3, 5-triazine-2,4,6(1H, 3H, 5H)-trione.

- 1 129. (Amended) The process of claim 124 wherein the composition is cured by
- 2 heating the composition-to-a-first-temperature\_of\_about\_0° to 60°C, then heating
- 3 the composition gradually to a second temperature of about 100 to 150°C over a
- 4 period of about 1 to 32 hours, maintaining the composition at the second
- 5 temperature for about 4 to 32 hours, then cooling the composition to a third
- 6 temperature of about 20 to 40°C over a period of about 1 to 32 hours.
- 1 134. (Amended) A curable monomer composition for making a linear
- 2 homogeneous terpolymer which terpolymer has a single glass transition
- 3 temperature, does not have any phase separation and which is optically clear

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- 4 consisting essentially of the composition of claim 116 in solution in a solvent and
- 5 which solution is polymerized or bulk polymerized at an elevated temperature to
- 6 form the terpolymer.